

**AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATION:**

I. Please replace the Title at page 1, line 5 with the following amended Title:

**MANUFACTURING METHOD FOR POLYMER CHIPS CONTAINING  
METAL OR METAL OXIDE NANOPARTICLES COMPONENT**

II. Please replace the Specification, pages 1-18, with the following amended Specification:

**BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

**Field of the Invention**

The present invention relates to a manufacturing method with respect to polymer chips containing metal or metal oxide nanoparticles component. More particularly, the chips are composed of one metal or metal oxide nanomaterial and at least one polymer material, for producing functionality products, for example, disinfection, antibiosis, far IR and so on.

**Description of the Related Art**

Nanotechnology is the study of studying about nano scale science, that is, technology that is the size of one-billionth meter of the size of related technology and products. Because of the quantum-size and surface effect, in nano scale, the

materials have many amazing physical and chemical properties. That's These properties are different from with bulk materiale or molecule materials. And, when When the materials are shrunk to nanoscale, and produced numerous characteristics are shown and materials serve various functions. That's called nanotechnology.

By As industry has development developed, the weather is has also changed. This kind of There is a moisture rich environment which multiplies a great quantity of microbes. Any microbe that survives in the environment is a potential maybe pathogen. These microbes could lead to diseases among humans, make human have a disease, e.g. staphylococcus induces pneumonia, meningitis and skin infection and demobilized soldier disease bacillus induces demobilized soldier disease.

Because Since bacteria did can do great harm to humans, controlling bacteria growing, growth and protecting the health of humans and increase life and economic benefit are important and imperative. Due to science progressing, the antibacterial products are not only to be used on for individual health care and family for cleaning family appliances, but also to be popularized for clothing and textiles. The final purpose of antibacterial textiles is to be the a protective screen and act as the third a layer skin and control while controlling microbes effectively. We will have This will lead to a comfortable and pleasant life and meanwhile ensure our human health.

In current marketing, the antibacterial agent of clothing is categorized in two types: organic systems and inorganic systems. In organic antibacterial agents, the positive charged tetra-amine salts are major components but in inorganic ones, metal ions, e.g.  $\text{Ag}^+$ ,  $\text{Cu}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{Zn}^{2+}$  etc., are major components.

The antibiosis fabric is manufactured by two methods: using antibiosis fiber to manufacture various fabrics or fabrics to progress and a textile-finish process (e.g. dipping or coating) by with an antibacterial agent to obtain an antibiosis effect. Compare Comparing both differences methods, the former has permanent antibiosis effect and washability, but antibiosis fiber isn't is not manufactured easily and it has higher request for consumes more antibacterial agent; the latter is easier to process, but the valid component is curing on the fiber surface, so it'll therefore it will be easier for the antibacterial agent to break away through more washings and thereby reduce reducing the deodorization function. The There is a big difference in the antibiosis effect that of antibiosis materials of metal ions and antibiosis materials containing metal components has a big difference.

Thus, for a long time, users consumers and the inventor hoped for a brand new material of polymer chips containing metal nanoparticles and a manufacturing method thereof. It not only can improve address the drawback of conventional functionality products by a finish process but also can can also increase the functionality. This inventor The Inventor has devoted himself to be engaged in studying, development and sales experience on related products for many years.

~~So initiating a thought for Therefore, the Inventor has developed an improvement and by using personal professional knowledge to study, design, special subject investigation. Finally, study a and design a~~ manufacturing method of polymer chips containing metal or metal oxide nanoparticles ~~component~~ to solve problems mentioned above.

## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

It is an object of the present invention to provide a manufacturing method of polymer chips containing metal or metal oxide nanoparticles to be a raw material for a spinning or plastic process and to be ~~as~~ an antibiosis in textiles, e.g. (fiber, yarn, woven or non-woven) and ~~uses~~ using the metal or metal oxide nanoparticles to achieve a functional application, e.g. disinfection disinfectants, antibiosis, far IR and so on.

It is another object of the present invention to provide a manufacturing method of polymer chips containing metal or metal oxide nanopacticles. The metal or metal oxide nanopacticles are dispersed into polymer materials to ~~be as~~ form polymer chips and by adding ~~less~~ metal or metal oxide nanoparticles to achieve a functional effect, e.g. disinfection, antibiosis and far IR and so on.

It is yet another object of the present invention to provide a manufacturing method of polymer chips containing metal or metal oxide nanopartiles. The metal or metal oxide nanopartiles are added into polymer materials to ~~be as~~ form

polymer chips. The function of metal or metal oxide nanoparticles atom cluster can will not be reduced ~~functionality less~~ after washing, ~~it improve thereby~~ improving permanency of functionality.

~~In this~~ The invention is directed to ~~displays~~ a manufacturing method of metal or metal oxide nanoparticles polymer chips. ~~We add metal~~ Metal or metal oxide nanoparticles are added into one polymer material to form a well dispersed metal or metal oxide nanoparticle[s] polymer chips ~~and let~~ whereby the metal or metal oxide nanoparticles become ~~as one of~~ parts of textiles or the materials in the plastic process. And Furthermore, the products ~~won't reduce~~ functionality will not be reduced by washing.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The accompanying drawings are included to provide a further understanding of the invention, and are incorporated in and constitute a part of this specification. The drawings illustrate embodiments of the invention and, together with the description, serve to explain the principles of the invention. In the drawings;

Figure 1 is an illustrate view showing a manufacturing flow ~~for sliver~~ of silver nanoparticles polymer chips in accordance ~~to~~ with an embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 2 is an illustrate view showing a pressure test ~~for~~ of sliver silver

nanoparticles polymer chips in accordance to with an embodiment of the present invention; and

Figure 3 is an illustrate view showing a SEM image ~~for of silver~~ silver nanoparticles PBT fiber in accordance to with an embodiment of the present invention.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Reference will now be made in detail to the preferred embodiments of the present invention, examples of which are illustrated in the accompanying drawings. Wherever possible, the same reference numbers are used in the drawings and the description to refer to the same or like parts.

The conventional technique is to use dipping or coating ~~of~~ in the textile-finish process to put an additional functionality material onto the textile, thereby helping the problem of a reduced ~~it could reduce~~ antibacterial effect caused by washing. However, These these kinds of processes can not ~~can't~~ keep the functional material on a textile permanently.

This invention provides an innovative process method for polymer chips. Putting nanometer material into polymer material ~~to~~-produces a well dispersed nano-polymer chips and nanoparticles which form in part of the turn into one part of textile naturally. ~~It doesn't affect~~ Furthermore, functionality is not affected by washing.

The polymer materials of this invention include polyamide, polyester (e.g. PBT, PET, PTT, PPT), polyethylene (PE), polypropylene (PP), polycarbonate (PC), polystyrene (PS), polyacrylonitrile, cellulose, and so on.

There is a wide variety of Functional functional metal or metal oxide nanoparticles ~~are very more variety, and the wide variety used in~~ the antibiosis material in this invention is an example. Multiple metal ions ~~could can~~ be produced as metal nanoparticles; ~~examples include including metal ions (e.g.~~ Au, Ag, Cu, Zn, Ti, Pd, Pt, Fe, Zr[[]]), their oxides, and their composites. Among the metal ions, the inhibitory action of Ag for bacteria is the strongest. So Therefore, the use of Ag as an example of metal nanoparticles material is detailed in this invention. The manufacturing method of ~~sliver~~ silver nanoparticles polymer chips is shown as figure 1. The process flow of polymer chips in accordance to an embodiment of the present invention is illustrated as follows;

Step S12 : mixing 10ml of 1M silver nitrate solution ~~10ml~~, 10ml of 1M citric acid ~~10ml~~ and 980ml of H<sub>2</sub>O and then disposing at 100° for ten minutes to obtain ~~sliver~~ silver nanoparticles;

Step S14:taking three kilograms of powder of at least one polymer material PBT ~~three kilograms powder;~~

Step S16:blending one liter of ~~sliver~~ silver nanoparticles solution with polymer material and then drying the blended composition; and

Step S18 : by extruding the composition via a twin-screw extruder or single-screw extruder to obtain homogenous polymer chips.

The ~~sliver~~ silver nanoparticles polymer chips in accordance to ~~an~~ with one embodiment of the present invention, can be formed by a ~~a also can do the spinning process.~~ Before spinning, the polymer chips need to ~~do be~~ be pressure tested to assure whether further spinning is required or not. The pressure test condition of the polymer chip is one kilogram of well dispersed ~~sliver~~ silver nanoparticles and the polymer chip needs to pass a filter test, wherein the filter is 400 mesh, speed rate is 100 RPM and with a proper temperature (Nylon, PBT:260°C and PET: 280°C).

After the pressure test for the PBT polymer chip, ~~it can progress~~ spinning is done if the pressure – ascend – value is smaller than 10 bar/Kg. The spinning step is as follows: ~~to blend~~ Blending the spinning polymer and ~~sliver~~ silver nanoparticles forming polymer chips in accordance to an embodiment of the present invention or ~~to use~~ using ~~sliver~~ silver nanoparticles polymer chips ~~to dry~~ that are dried and progress further spinning at 260~290 by single-screw or twin-screw extruder ~~as~~ forming Partially Oriented Yarn(POY) and through a twist process or drawn process to manufacture ~~as~~ sliver silver nanoparticle[s] yarn. Final, The process yields ~~sliver~~ silver nanoparticle[[s]] woven fabric or knit fabric ~~will be produced.~~

The pressure test result of ~~sliver~~ silver nanoparticles polymer chips in this

invention is shown as figure 2. In this pressure test figure, the vertical axis is corresponds to pressure and the horizontal axis corresponds to is time. The pressure of containing pressure-ascend-value of the well dispersed sliver silver nanoparticles PBT chip[']s pressure ascend value is 5 bar/Kg.

That This means that the sliver silver nanoparticles PBT chips in this invention are proper to progress spinning ready for spinning and has have great business economic value.

The present invention uses scanning electron microscope (SEM) to observe sliver silver nanoparticles distribution of partially-oriented yarn. Figure 3 is a SEM image of PBT fiber containing sliver silver nanoparticles PBT fiber. The image shows distribute uniformly of sliver silver nanoparticles uniformly distributed in the PBT fiber. That means This shows that the present invention provides a good method of uniformly dispersing well dispersed nanoparticles component in a polymer material and manufactures manufacturing a stable quality of textiles.

The containing sliver silver nanoparticles PBT woven fabric and sliver silver nanoparticles knit fabric are produced by a spinning process, or twist process or drawn process in present invention, and Furthermore, white cottons are all progress antibacterial tested by international standards [[“]]JIS L1902-1998 Testing for antibacterial activity and efficacy on textile products[’]. The test germs are golden staphylococcus (ATCC 6538P) and pneumobacillus (ATCC 4352). The test items are: 1.germ culturing concentration; 2.~~Ma: put~~ placing the

germ solution on an un-process unprocessed white cotton, and wash washing it immediately and then calculate calculating the germ numbers; 3. Mb: put placing the germs solution on an un-process unprocessed white cotton, and after culturing for eighteen hours, washing and then calculating calculate germ numbers; 4.Mc: after culturing for eighteen hours, washing the test sample (containing sliver silver nanoparticles fiber) washing and calculating germ numbers.

According to The test data is averaged using a, further to calculated related index, e.g., bacteria grow up growth activity value, bacteriostasis value and disinfection value, to judge thereby judging the antibiosis of the sample. For containing The sliver silver nanoparticles PBT woven fabric and containing sliver the silver nanoparticles PBT knit fabric in of this invention, there have an obvious effect on antibiosis and disinfection. Please refer to table Table I and table II, show the antibacterial test result of containing sliver the silver nanoparticles PBT woven fabric and containing sliver the silver nanoparticles PBT knit fabric, respectively. In table I, for regarding the antibacterial test of golden staphylococcus, the germ culturing culturing concentration of white cotton and sliver the silver nanoparticles PBT woven fabric are 0.72E+5 germ number/ml; for regarding the antibacterial test of pneumobacillus, the germ culturing concentration of white cotton and containing sliver silver nanoparticles PBT woven fabric is 0.72E+5 germ number/ml and 0.75E+5 germ number/ml, respectively. It This means the germ culturing concentration in of this test belong to details a valid test range. In table I,

for the antibacterial test of golden staphylococcus, the bacteriostasis value and disinfection value of white cotton and ~~containing sliver silver~~ nanoparticles PBT woven fabric is larger than 2.88 and smaller than zero, respectively; for the antibacterial test of pneumobacillus, the bacteriostasis value and disinfection value of white cotton and ~~containing sliver silver~~ nanoparticles PBT woven fabric is larger than 5.99 and 2.86, respectively.

According to the antibacterial standard of the Japan Association for the Function Evaluation of Textile ( JAFET ), ~~it displays the effect of~~ the woven fabric for golden staphylococcus ~~isn't~~ is not obvious, but for another bacillus, ~~it has~~ there is obvious bacteriostasis and ~~disinfection~~ disinfectant effect. Please refer Referring to table II, for the antibacterial test of golden staphylococcus, the bacteriostasis value and disinfection value of ~~containing sliver~~ the silver nanoparticles PBT knit fabric is larger than 5.8 and 2.99, respectively; for the antibacterial test of pneumobacillus, the bacteriostasis value and disinfection value of ~~containing sliver~~ the silver nanoparticles PBT knit fabric is larger than 5.57 and 3.09, respectively. For Regarding the golden staphylococcus and pneumobacillus, the knit fabric has an obvious bacteriostasis and ~~disinfection~~ disinfectant effect.

According to the method mentioned above, ~~by the method in~~ this invention produces can let sliver silver nanoparticles ~~component disperse that are uniformly~~

disposed into a polymer material and the manufacturing of a manufacture as fiber composed by of silver nanoparticles. Using this function of component which achieves a bacteriostasis and disinfection a disinfectant effect.

Table I The antibacterial test result of ~~silver~~ silver nanoparticles PBT woven fabric

| Test Item ( JIS L1902-1998 quantify method ) |  | Test result      |  |
|--|--|------------------|--|
|  |  | JIS white cotton | containing Sliver silver nano-particles PBT woven fabric |
| golden staphyloc-occus ATCC 6538P            | germ culturing concentration           | 0.72 E + 5       | 0.72 E + 5   |
|  | Ma                                     | 1.44 E + 4       | --   |
|  | Mb                                     | 7.87 E + 6       | --   |
|  | Mc                                     | --               | 1.81E +4   |
|  | bacteria grow up growth activity value | 2.74             | --   |
|  | bacteriostasis value                   | --               | 2.88   |
|  | Disinfection value                     | --               | <0   |

|                                      |   |            |            |
|--------------------------------------|---|------------|------------|
| Pneumobac-<br>illus<br><br>ATCC 4352 | germ culturing<br>concentration                         | 0.72 E + 5 | 0.75 E + 5 |
|                                      | Ma  | 1.43 E + 4 | --         |
|                                      | Mb  | 1.39 E + 7 | --         |
|                                      | Mc  | --         | <20        |
|                                      | bacteria <u>grow up</u><br><u>growth</u> activity value | 2.99       | --         |
|                                      | bacteriostasis value                                    | --         | >5.59      |
|                                      | disinfection value                                      | --         | 2.86       |

Remark:

Ma: put placing the germ solution on an unprocessed un-process white cotton,  
washing and wash it immediately and then calculate calculating germ numbers.

Mb: put placing the germ solution on an unprocessed un-process white cotton, and  
after culturing for eighteen hours, washing and then calculating the calculate germ  
numbers.

Mc: the test sample (containing sliver silver nanoparticles fiber).

Bacteria grow up growth activity value is equal to log ( Mb/Ma ) .Bacteria grow  
up growth activity value is lager than 1.5, that means the experiment is effective.

Bacteriostasis value is equal to log ( Mb/Mc ) .

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Disinfection value is equal to log ( Ma/Mc ) .

Table II The antibacterial test result of ~~silver~~ silver nanoparticles PBT knit fabric

| Test Item<br>(JIS L1902-1998 quantify method) |                                 | Test result  |                 |
|---|---------------------------------|--|-----------------|
| golden<br>staphylococc-us<br><br>ATCC 6538P   | JIS<br>White cotton             | containing <del>silver</del><br><u>silver</u><br>nanoparticles | PBT knit fabric |
|   | germ culturing<br>concentration | 0.99 E + 5   | 0.99 E + 5      |
|   | Ma                              | 1.97 E + 4   | --              |
|   | Mb                              | 1.25 E + 7   | --              |
|   | Mc                              | --   | <20             |

|                             |   |            |            |
|-----------------------------|---|------------|------------|
|                             | bacteria grow up<br><u>growth activity</u><br>value | 2.80       | --         |
|                             | bacteriostasis<br>value                             | --         | >5.80      |
|                             | disinfection value                                  | --         | >2.99      |
| pneumobacillus<br>ATCC 4352 | germ culturing<br>concentration                     | 1.24 E + 5 | 0.75 E + 5 |
|                             | Ma  | 2.49 E + 4 | --         |
|                             | Mb  | 7.47 E + 6 | --         |
|                             | Mc  | --         | <20        |
|                             | bacteria grow up<br><u>growth activity</u><br>value | 2.48       | --         |
|                             | bacteriostasis<br>value                             | --         | >5.57      |
|                             | disinfection value                                  | --         | >3.09      |

Remark:

1.Ma: put germ placing the germ solution on an unprocessed un-process  
white cotton, and wash washing it immediately and then calculate calculating

germ numbers.

2.Mb: ~~put placing the~~ germ solution on ~~an unprocessed un-process~~ white cotton, ~~and after~~ culturing ~~for~~ eighteen hours, washing and calculate ~~then~~ calculating the germ numbers.

3.Mc: the test sample (containing sliver silver nanoparticlesfiber).

4. Bacteria ~~grow up~~ growth activity value is equal to  $\log ( Mb/Ma )$ . Bacteria ~~grow up~~ growth activity value is lager than 1.5, that means the experiment is effective.

5. Bacteriostasis value is equal to  $\log ( Mb/Mc )$ .

6. Disinfection value is equal to  $\log ( Ma/Mc )$ .

In this invention, the method comprises using one metal or metal oxide nanoparticles material and at least one polymer material, blending and extruding ~~blend and extrude as to form~~ polymer chips. The metal or metal oxide nanoparticles are dispersed into polymer chips and by spinning, textile process to ~~be~~ they are used as antibiosis textiles or plastic process materials. In this invention, we try to replace the conventional technique that the functionality textiles need to be manufactured by a finished process. Meanwhile, Furthermore, the invention uses metal or metal oxide nanoparticles to replace metal ions thereby achieving a

and achieve functionality effect because metal ions easily lose are easier less functionality by washing. And in accordance to an embodiment of the present invention, the fabric with metal atom cluster isn't the same with antibiosis does not have the same antibiosis properties as the fabric that add by with metal ions. Metal ions need to reach some a critical concentration before there is aand then with bacteriostatic effect. Once After washing, the concentration of metal ions won't is not enough and the bacteriostatic effect will be lost less. But Furthermore, if the concentration of metal ions is higher, human will irritability, it will irritate consumers, e.g. Ag ion and Cl ion produce AgCl. As long as the fabric has a disinfectant function, the numbers of metal cluster won't will not affect the bacteriostatic effect.

To integrate mentioned above, it The method mentioned above shows the purpose and efficacy of this invention as well as the provided with advanced and value in industry. Meanwhile, it's it is a new and hither to unknown invention in current market. So apply for a patent base on patent law.

In accordance to with the above mentioned; mention, therefore, the foregoing is considered as only illustrative only of the principles of the invention. Furthermore, since numerous modifications and changes will readily occur to those skilled in the art, it is not desired to limit the invention is not limited to the exact construction and operation as shown and described, and accordingly, all suitable modifications and equivalents may be resorted to, falling within the scope

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of the invention.